**16. India wins Freedom**

**I.Answer the following**

**1. How were the Moderates different from the Radicals?**

The Moderates were not in favour of using force but believed in pleading with the British government to bring about reforms. On the other hand, the Radicals were in favour of strikes and boycotts to oppose the British.

**2Why did the British decide to partition Bengal?**

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The British decided to partition Bengal in an attempt to prevent Hindus and Muslims from uniting against the British.

**3. Write a short note on Jallianwala Bagh Massacre.**

* A public meeting was held on 13 April 1919 at Jallianwala Bagh in Amritsar.
* General Dyer came to this place and ordered his soldiers to fire at the crowd. Hundreds of people were killed and thousands were injured.
* This incident shocked the whole country. All national leaders strongly protested against this cruel act.

**4.Why did Gandhiji withdraw the Non-Cooperation Movement?**

* Gandhiji had asked people to disobey laws peacefully. But at Chauri Chaura inUttar Pradesh, some people set fire to a police station and as a result 22 policemen died.
* This act of violence made Gandhiji withdraw the movement immediately.

**5. What was the contribution of Subash Chandra Bose to our national movement?**

Subhas Chandra Bose was the leader of the Indian National Army (INA), also known as the Azad Hind Fauj. He fought against the British. He gave us the slogan ‘Jai Hind.’

6. Gandhiji spent some time everyday spinning ‘Khadi’ on the Charkha .He encouraged the use of Khadi. What was his reason for doing this?

. Gandhiji wanted to revive the Indian handloom industry which had suffered due to the unfair trade practices of the British. He also wanted to popularize the use of Indian goods.